

Optimization

Name: _____

Date: _____

Concepts

- Expressing a Quantity as a Function of One Variable
 - Optimization on a Closed Interval
 - Optimization Without a Closed Interval
 - Justifying and Interpreting an Optimum (theory)
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Expressing a Quantity as a Function of One Variable

1. A depot manager has 180 m of snow fencing to enclose a rectangular salt storage yard. One full side of the yard is the straight wall of an existing garage and needs no fencing; the fencing is used for the other three sides. Let x be the length, in metres, of each of the two sides perpendicular to the garage wall.

a) Express the enclosed area A as a function of x alone.

b) State the domain that the physical situation allows, and say in one sentence what goes wrong at each excluded value.

Do not differentiate anything — this question asks only for the model.

Optimization on a Closed Interval

2. During a 6-hour maintenance window the electrical power drawn by a data centre's cooling loop is modelled by

$$P(t) = t^3 - 9t^2 + 24t + 5 \quad \text{kilowatts,}$$

where t is the number of hours since the window opened, $0 \leq t \leq 6$. Find the absolute maximum and the absolute minimum power drawn during the window, and state the time at which each occurs.

Optimization Without a Closed Interval

3. A rooftop garden needs a galvanised planter box with a square base and *no lid*, holding exactly $32\,000 \text{ cm}^3$ of soil. Let x be the side of the square base, in centimetres.

- a) Express the total area of sheet metal used as a function of x , and state the domain.
- b) Find the dimensions that use the least metal, and the amount used.
- c) The domain is not a closed interval, so the closed-interval method does not apply. Justify that your answer really is a global minimum.

Justifying and Interpreting an Optimum

4. A workshop that builds sea kayaks finds that when it makes x kayaks per week its average cost per kayak is

$$A(x) = 0.5x + \frac{800}{x} + 120 \quad \text{dollars per kayak,} \quad x > 0.$$

A student differentiates, solves $A'(x) = 0$, and writes down the single line “the minimum is 40”.

- a) Reproduce the calculation, then rewrite that conclusion as a full sentence naming what 40 is, what the minimum value is, and the units of each.
- b) Justify, using the second derivative, that this really is a minimum, and explain why the test settles the question over the whole domain $x > 0$ without any interval being tested.
- c) The owner reads the note and concludes “so building 40 kayaks a week minimises our costs”. Explain precisely what is wrong with that reading.

Synthesis — drawing on several topics in this set

5. A park authority is building a rectangular observation deck against a straight cliff face. The cliff forms one side and needs no railing; 60 m of railing is available for the other three sides. A safety bylaw requires the deck to project at least 18 m out from the cliff and at most 25 m.

- a) Let x be the projection from the cliff, in metres. Express the deck area A as a function of x , give the domain the geometry allows, and give the interval the bylaw allows.
- b) Using the closed-interval method on the bylaw's interval, find the largest and the smallest deck the authority can build, with dimensions.
- c) Interpret the result: state the answer in a sentence with units, and say how much deck area the bylaw costs compared with the best deck the railing alone would allow.

Want the harder problems and the worked solutions?

The *Challenge Problems* set and the *Answer Keys* for Optimization — with the reasoning written out in full — are available at tutorinmontreal.ca.